Equine Coronavirus Vs. COVID-19:

Two Distinctly Different Diseases

The recent spread of the from public health officials. Palm nated with infected manure. tinues to evolve. As equine informed on the developments cally mild signs that may include veterinarians, Palm Beach with COVID-19, and will con- anorexia, lethargy, fever, colic or raised by horse owners regarding the status of this disease. the potential impact of this disease on the equine industry.

novel coronavirus has raised se- Beach Equine Clinic will conrious concerns as the status con- tinue to make every effort to stay Common Clinical Signs: Typi-Equine Clinic would like to ad-tinue to provide expert veterinary dress the questions and concern care to all horses regardless of Diagnosis: Veterinarians diag-

Equine coronavirus is an enteric, or gastrointestinal, disease Coronaviruses include a in the horse. There is NO EVI-

diarrhea.

nose equine enteric coronavirus by testing fecal samples, and the frequency of this disease is low.

Treatment and Prevention: If diagnosed, treatment is supportive care, such as fluid therapy and anti-inflammatories, and establishing good biosecurity precautions of quarantining the infected horse. Keeping facilities as clean as possible by properly disposing of manure will help decrease chances of horses contracting the

Information for this notice was compiled using the following sources:

Cornell Animal Health Diagnostic Center and the American Association of Equine Practitioners, Center

Enteric Transmission: Equine coron- Palm Beach Equine Clinic is Coronavirus and COVID-19 are avirus is transmitted between equipped with secure isolation both coronaviruses, however, horses when manure from an in- stalls and follows strict biosecurity measures. Photo by Erin



large group of RNA viruses that DENCE that equine enteric corosymptoms, and have been re- or other species of animals. ported in domestic and wild ani-Equine they are distinctly different fected horse is ingested by an-

Control and Prevention (CDC), infectious disease experts, and multiple international and national human and animal health organizations have stated that at this time there is NO EVI-DENCE to indicate that horses could contract COVID-19 or that horses would be able to spread the disease to other animals or humans. Equine enteric coronavirus and COVID-19 are NOT the same strain, and there is no indication that either are transmissible between species.

Therefore, it is important to concentrate on the health of our equestrians by being precautious and following recommendations

cause respiratory and enteric navirus poses a threat to humans Equine Disease Communication

ses. other horse (fecal-oral Gilmore Photography
The Center for Disease transmission), or if a horse makes A Profile of Equine Enteric oral contact with items or sur- Coronavirus faces that have been contami-

